

# Public Health ISS

**PHISS** is a **core IMIS module** designed to help municipalities **monitor and address public health and sanitation challenges**. It facilitates the **collection and maintenance of water sample data** from **groundwater, surface water, and treated wastewater**, ensuring compliance with **water contamination standards** and supporting **CWIS environmental monitoring objectives**.

PHISS also tracks **waterborne disease cases** (e.g., **diarrhea, cholera, dysentery, typhoid**) and identifies **hotspot areas**, including associated **fatalities**, enabling municipalities to conduct **spatial analysis** and implement **targeted interventions**.

The module supports **CWIS indicators** by monitoring:

1. **Water contamination compliance** across different water sources.
2. **Incidence of faecal-oral diseases** to assess sanitation system effectiveness.

PHISS provides **data export tools** for **CSV, Shape, and KML formats**, allowing municipalities to utilize the data for **strategic planning and resource allocation** to reduce public health risks.

- [Introduction to Public Health ISS](#)
- [19.1 Water Samples](#)
- [19.2 Waterborne Hotspot](#)
- [19.3 Waterborne Cases Information](#)

# Introduction to Public Health ISS

PHISS is another core module of the IMIS, designed to empower municipalities in monitoring and addressing public health and sanitation challenges. PHISS enables the collection and maintenance of water sample data from various sources, including groundwater, surface water, and treated wastewater, to ensure compliance with water contamination standards. This functionality directly aligns with the CWIS objective of monitoring environmental outcomes associated with sanitation systems. Additionally, PHISS records and tracks cases of waterborne diseases across the city, providing municipalities with crucial data to understand and mitigate public health risks.

One of the standout features of PHISS is its ability to maintain spatial and attribute data related to hotspot areas where waterborne diseases, such as diarrhea, cholera, dysentery, and typhoid, have been detected. The system also tracks fatalities linked to these diseases, offering a comprehensive overview of the impact on affected households and populations. By integrating this information with the UDSS municipal authorities can conduct detailed analyses of disease prevalence and its underlying causes. This data-driven approach enables strategic planning, targeted interventions, and efficient allocation of resources to reduce health risks in vulnerable areas.

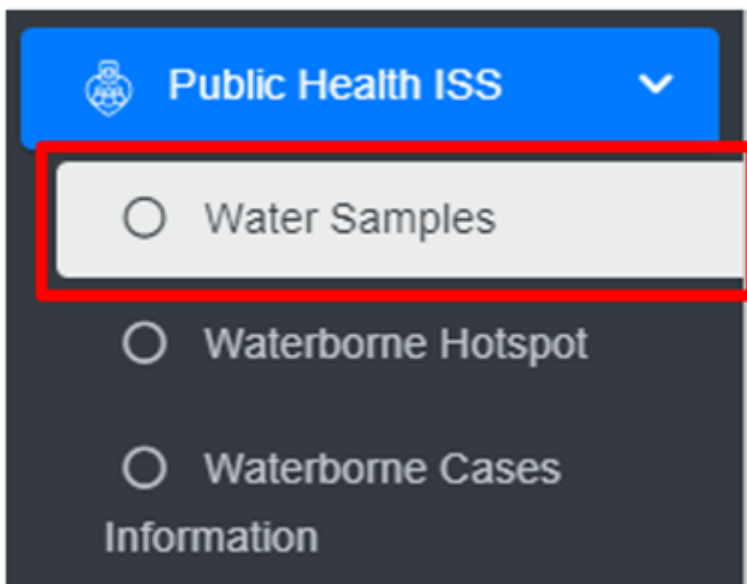
Water sample data and waterborne cases data maintained by PHISS helps municipality to monitor the CWIS indicators (i) Water contamination compliance of the water sources such as groundwater, surface water and treated wastewater, and (ii) Incidence of fecal-oral pathway diseases (e.g. diarrhea, cholera, dysentery and typhoid). With this information, municipalities can assess the effectiveness of sanitation systems in protecting public health and identify areas requiring urgent attention. By addressing these indicators, PHISS supports municipalities in achieving CWIS objectives, ensuring safe water quality and reducing the prevalence of sanitation-related diseases. The data export tools under PHISS allow users to export data in CSV, Shape and KML format where applicable.

# 19.1 Water Samples

Water Samples sub-module maintains the information regarding the water quality testing with a focus on coliform bacteria levels as an initial indicator of potential water contamination. This module records the spatial location where the samples were taken.

## 19.1.1 Navigation to Water Samples

- Open the sidebar and click on **Public health ISS** to expand.
- Select the **Water Samples**.



- This redirects to the Water Samples page.

### Overview:

The Water Samples page lists all the attribute records stored in the module and provides different Filters, Actions and Tools that can be used according to the requirements. For more details (refer to section 5 Filters, section 6 Actions and section 8 Tools).

Water Samples

Add Water SamplesExport to CSVExport to Shape FileExport to KML

Show Filter

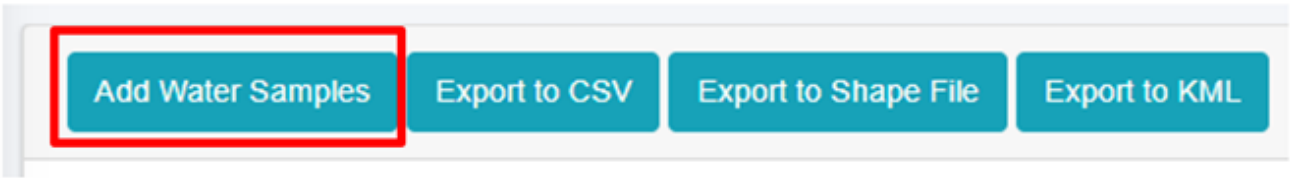
Show 10 entries

ID	Sample Date	Sample Location	Water Coliform Test Result	Actions
2	2024-05-29	mahalaxmi	Positive	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

Figure 19-1 List of Water Samples

19.1.2 Add Water Samples

- Click on the **Add Water Samples** button.



- This redirects to **Add Water Samples** form page.

Add Water Samples

Sample Date\*

mm/dd/yyyy

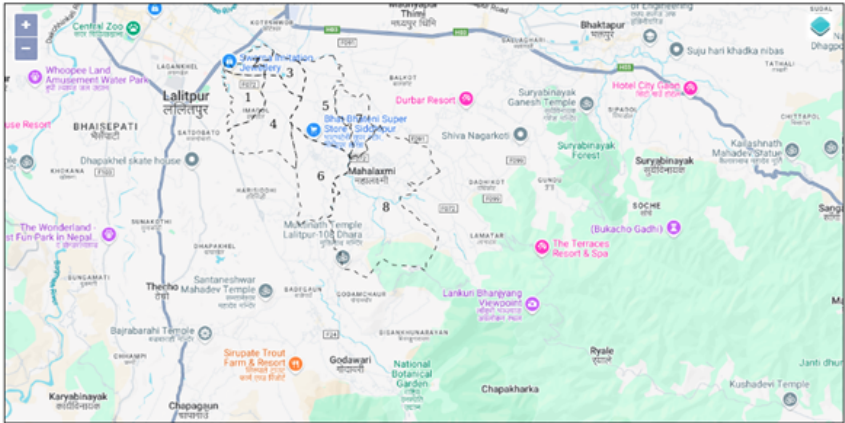
Sample Location\*

Sample Location

Water Coliform Test Result\*

Water Coliform Test Result

Click to set Latitude and Longitude\*



Back to List

Save

Figure 19-2 Add Water Samples

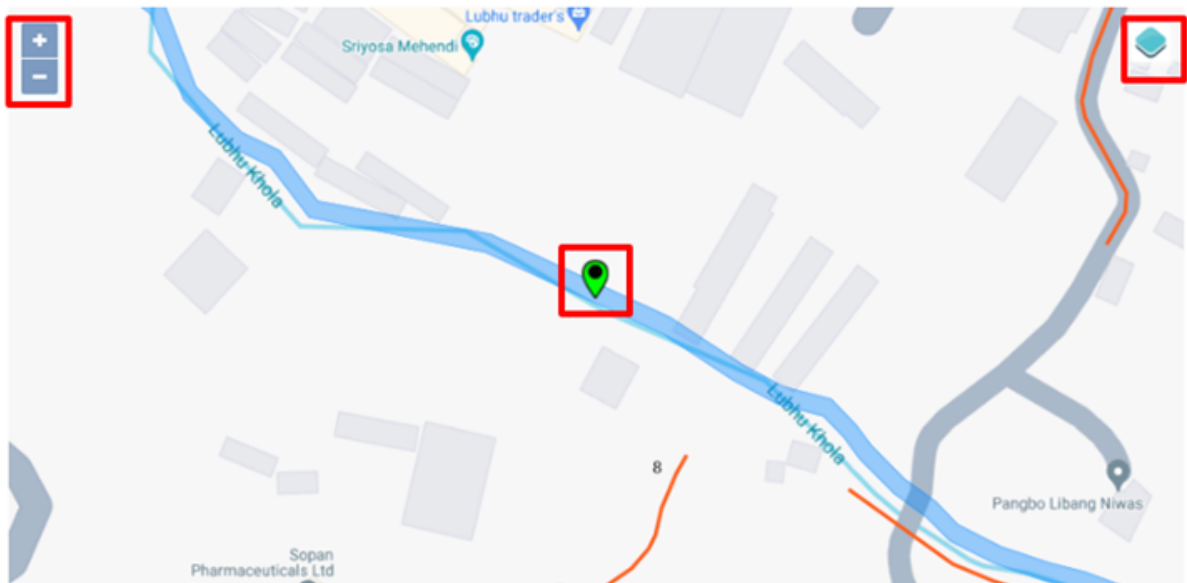
- After filling out the form click **Save**, and make sure a pop-up message is displayed, refer to section 7.1 Save for more details.

- If a mandatory field is left out or any form failed validation during the form submission a validation message box will be prompted, refer to section 7.2 Validation Message Box for more details.

## Overview:

The add water samples page consists of information that is explained below:

- Sample Date - The sample collected date.
- Sample Location - The name of the location from which the sample was collected.
- Water Coliform Test Result - Select the water coliform test result as: positive or negative.
- Click to set Latitude and Longitude - Find the water sample location on the map and pin a marker on the map by clicking on that location. This will mark the spatial location of the water sample in the map with latitude and longitude.
  - o The top left corner displays the zoom-in and out button
  - o The top right corner tab displays the Layers and Base maps

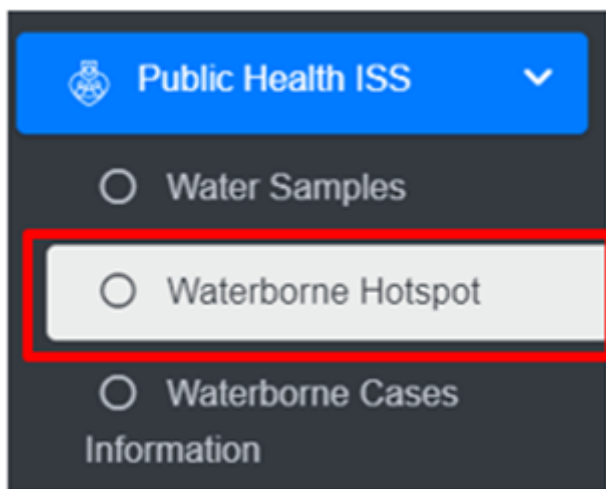


# 19.2 Waterborne Hotspot

The Waterborne Hotspot is responsible for maintaining data relevant to hotspot identification in a city. Its primary objective is to retain knowledge of diseases spread through contaminated water.

## 19.2.1 Navigation to Waterborne Hotspot

- Open the sidebar and click on **Public Health ISS**.
- Select the **Waterborne Hotspot**.



- This redirects to the **Waterborne Hotspot** page.

### Overview:

The Waterborne Hotspot page lists all the attribute records stored in the module and provides different Filters, Actions and Tools that can be used according to the requirements. For more details (refer to section 5 Filters, section 6 Actions and section 8 Tools).

Waterborne Hotspot

Add Waterborne HotspotExport to CSVShow Filter

Show 10 entries

ID	Infected Disease	Hotspot Location	Date	No. of Cases	No. of Fatalities	Actions
42	Cholera	Dharachour	2023-07-04	60	9	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>
41	Typhoid	Imadol	2023-11-10	22	1	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>
40	Diarrhea	Namuna tole	2022-06-16	25	16	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

Figure 19- 3 Waterborne Hotspot Page

### 19.2.2 Add New Waterborne Hotspot

- Click on the **Add Waterborne Hotspot** button.

**Add Waterborne Hotspot**

Hotspot Location\*

Date\*

Infected Disease\*

No. of Cases \*

Male

Female

Other

No. of Fatalities

Male

Female

Other

Hotspot Area\*

Notes

Figure 19- 4 Waterborne Hotspot form

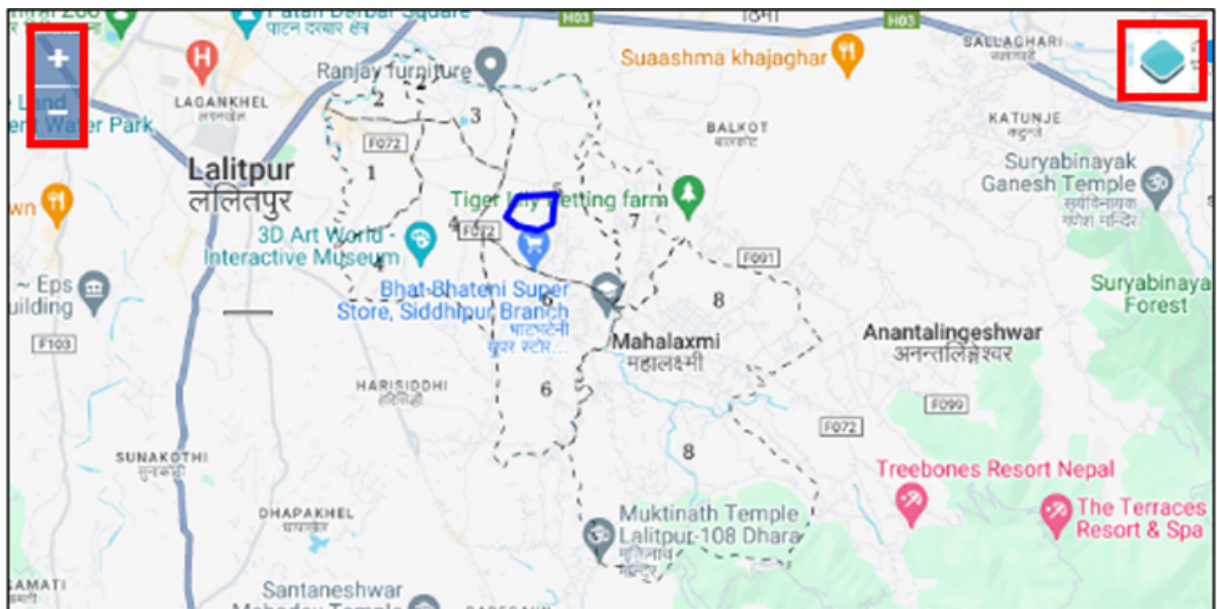
- After filling out the form, click **Save** and make sure a pop-up message is displayed, refer to section 7.1 Save for more details.

- If a mandatory form field is left out or any form failed validation during the form submission a validation message box will be prompted, refer to section 7.2 Validation Message Box for more details.

## Overview

The **Add Waterborne Hotspot** page consists of different form fields that capture different information which are explained below:

- Hotspot Location: Hotspot location name.
- Date: The date when hotspot locations were identified.
- Infected Disease: Select the name of the disease.
- No of Cases: Number of cases (Male, Female, Other) reported.
- No of Fatalities: Number of fatalities (Male, Female, Other) reported. There is a validation that the number of fatalities must be less than the number of cases.
- Hotspot Area: Choose the location where the hotspots of waterborne diseases are detected, and draw the corresponding area on the map.
  - o The top left corner displays the zoom-in and out button
  - o The top right corner tab displays the Layers and Base maps



- Notes: Additional notes on information.
- Users can save the form by clicking the save.



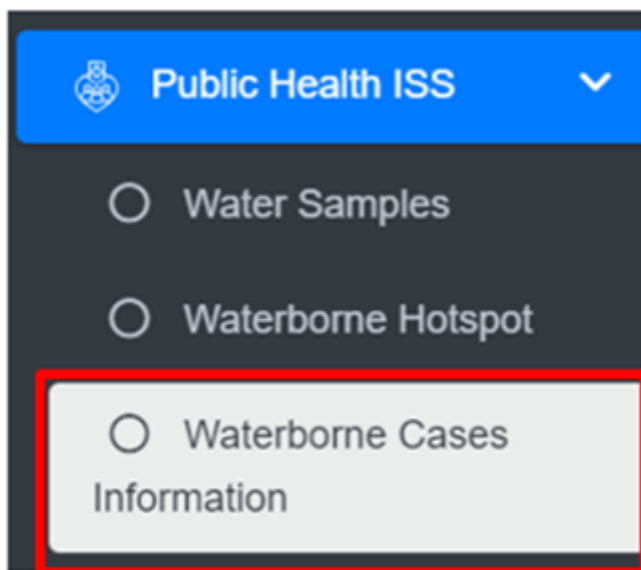


# 19.3 Waterborne Cases Information

The Waterborne Cases Information Sub Module maintains data relevant to Yearly Waterborne cases information. Its primary objective is to retain knowledge of diseases spread through contaminated water.

## 19.3.1 Navigation to Waterborne Cases Information

- Open the sidebar and click on **Public Health ISS**.
- Select the **Waterborne Cases Information**.



### Overview

The Waterborne Cases Information page lists all the attribute records stored in the module and provides different Filters, Actions and Tools that can be used according to the requirements. For more details (refer to section 5 Filters, section 6 Actions and section 8 Tools).

Waterborne Cases Information

Add Waterborne Cases InformationExport to CSV

Show Filter

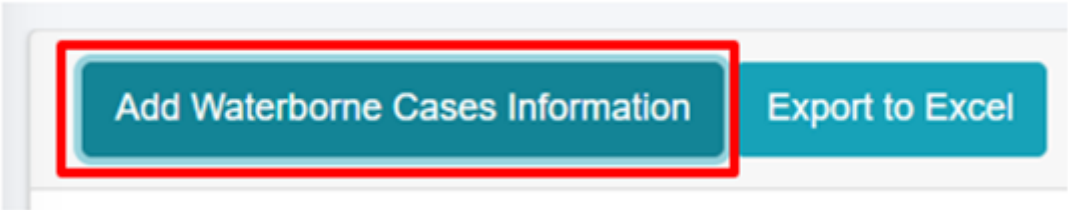
Show 10 entries

ID	Infected Disease	Year	No. of Cases	No. of Fatalities	Actions
5	Polio	2023	14	3	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>
4	Diarrhea	2024	7	0	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>
3	Hepatitis A	2024	3	3	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

Figure 19- 5 Waterborne Cases Information Page

19.3.2 Add Waterborne Cases Information

- Click on **Add Waterborne Cases Information** button.



Add Waterborne Cases Information

Year\*

2024

Infected Disease\*

--- Choose Infected Disease ---

No. of Cases

Male\*

Male

Female\*

Female

Other\*

Other

No. of Fatalities

Male

Male

Female

Female

Other

Other

Notes

Notes

Figure 19- 6 Waterborne Cases Information form

- After filling out the form, click **Save** and make sure a pop-up message is displayed, refer to section 7.1 Save for more details.
- If a mandatory field is left out or any form failed validation during the form submission a validation message box will be prompted, refer to section 7.2 Validation Message Box for more details.

## Overview:

- Year: The year when the diseases' cases were identified.
- Infected Disease: The name of the infected disease.
- Number of Cases: Number of cases (Male, Female, Other) reported.

- Number of Fatalities: Number of fatalities (Male, Female, Other) reported. There is a validation that the number of fatalities must be less than the number of cases.
- Notes: Additional notes on information.